

4.5 Solve Quadratic Equations by Finding Square Roots

EXAMPLE 1 Use properties of square roots

Simplify the expression.

a. $\sqrt{80}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{16}\sqrt{5} \\ \boxed{4\sqrt{5}} \end{array}$$

b. $\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{21}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{6 \cdot 21} \\ \sqrt{126} \\ \sqrt{9}\sqrt{14} \\ \boxed{3\sqrt{14}} \end{array}$$

c. $\sqrt{\frac{4}{81}}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{4} \\ \hline \sqrt{81} \\ \boxed{\frac{2}{9}} \end{array}$$

EXAMPLE 2**Rationalize denominators of fractions**

Simplify

a. $\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$\boxed{\sqrt{10}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{17}{12}} = \frac{\sqrt{17}}{\sqrt{12}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{17}}{\sqrt{4\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{\sqrt{17}}{\sqrt{4}\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{51}}{2 \cdot 3} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{51}}{6}}$$

EXAMPLE 2**Rationalize denominators of fractions**

Simplify

$$(a+b)(a-b)$$

$$a^2 - ab + ab - b^2$$

$$\boxed{a^2 - b^2}$$

EXAMPLE 2**Rationalize denominators of fractions**

b. $\frac{3}{(7 + \sqrt{2})(7 - \sqrt{2})}$

Simplify $(7 - \sqrt{2})$

$$\frac{21 - 3\sqrt{2}}{49 - 7\sqrt{2} + 7\sqrt{2} - 2}$$

$$(7)^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$\frac{21 - 3\sqrt{2}}{49 - 2} = \boxed{\frac{21 - 3\sqrt{2}}{47}}$$

EXAMPLE 2**Rationalize denominators of fractions**

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{-6}{(7 - \sqrt{5})} \cdot \frac{(7 + \sqrt{5})}{(7 + \sqrt{5})} \\
 & \frac{-42 - 6\sqrt{5}}{(7)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2} \\
 & \frac{-42 - 6\sqrt{5}}{49 - 5} \\
 & \frac{2}{4 + \sqrt{11}} \cdot \frac{4 - \sqrt{11}}{4 - \sqrt{11}} \\
 & = \frac{8 - 2\sqrt{11}}{16 - 11} \\
 & = \frac{8 - 2\sqrt{11}}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

Simplify

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{-42 - 6\sqrt{5}}{44} \\
 & \frac{\cancel{2}(-21 - 3\sqrt{5})}{\cancel{2}(22)} \\
 & \boxed{\frac{-21 - 3\sqrt{5}}{22}}
 \end{aligned}$$

EXAMPLE 3 Solve a quadratic equation

$$\text{Solve } 3x^2 + 5 = 41$$

$$\frac{3x^2}{3} = \frac{36}{3}$$
$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{12}$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{12}$$

$$x = \pm 2\sqrt{3}$$

EXAMPLE 4

What are the solutions of the equation $\frac{1}{5}(z + 3)^2 = 7$?

$$\begin{aligned} \cancel{5} \cancel{\frac{1}{5}}(z+3)^2 &= 7(5) \\ \sqrt{(z+3)^2} &= \sqrt{35} \\ z+3 &= \pm\sqrt{35} \\ -3 &\quad -3 \\ z &= \pm\sqrt{35} - 3 \end{aligned}$$

SOLVING QUADRATIC EQUATIONS Solve the equation.

$$\textcircled{27.} \quad \frac{-3w^2}{-3} = \frac{-213}{-3}$$
$$\sqrt{w^2} = \sqrt{71}$$
$$w = \pm\sqrt{71}$$