

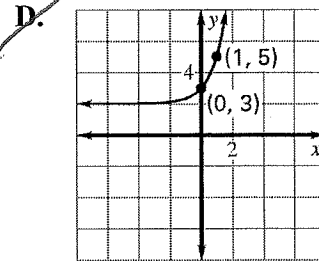
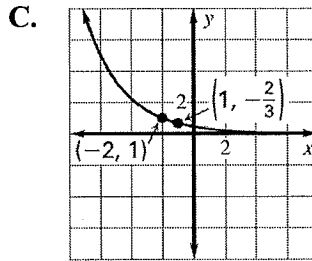
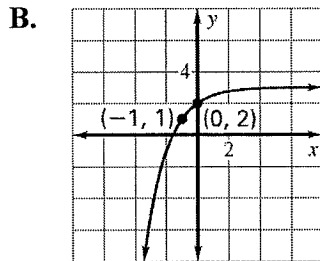
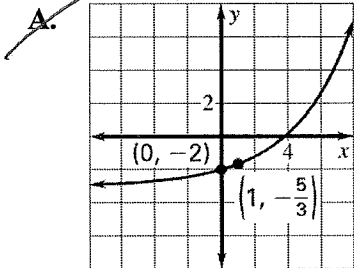
Match the function with its graph.

1. $f(x) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{x+2}$ **C**

2. $f(x) = 3^x + 2$ **D**

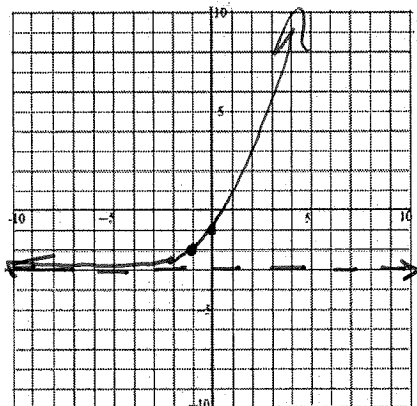
3. $f(x) = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^x - 3$ **A**

4. $f(x) = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x + 3$ **B**



Graph the function. Then state the domain and range.

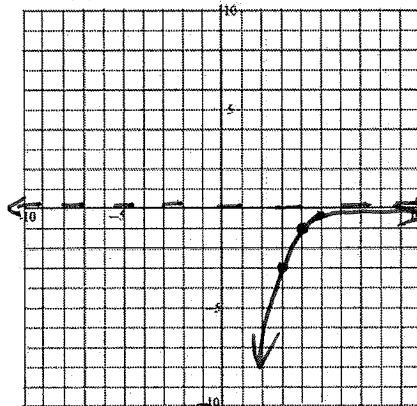
5. $f(x) = 2^{x+1} - 3$



Domain: \mathbb{R}

Range: $y > -3$

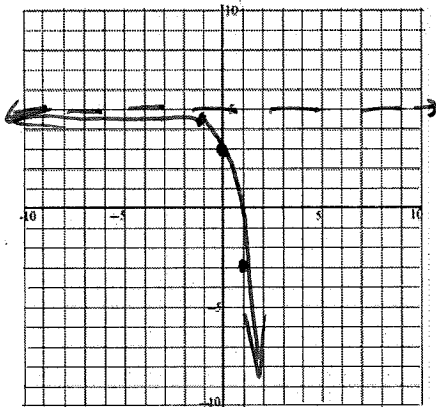
6. $g(x) = -\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{x-4}$



Domain: \mathbb{R}

Range: $y < 0$

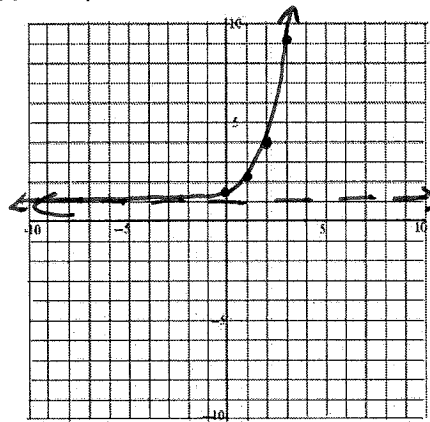
7. $h(x) = -2 * 4^x + 5$



Domain: \mathbb{R}

Range: $y < 5$

8. $y = 3e^{x-2} + 1$



Domain: \mathbb{R}

Range: $y > 1$

For Exercises 9-10, use the following information.

You buy a new car for \$22,500. The value of the car *decreases* by 25% each year.

9. Write an exponential decay model giving the car's value after t years.

$$A = P(1-r)^t$$
$$A = 22500(1-0.25)^t$$

$$A = 22500(0.75)^t$$

10. What is the value of the car after three years?

$$22500(0.75)^3$$

$$\$9492.19$$

For Exercises 11-14, use the following information.

You deposit \$3500 in an account that earns 1.3% annual interest. Find the balance after 5 years if the interest is compounded with the given frequency.

11. Annually

$$A = 3500 \left(1 + \frac{0.013}{1}\right)^{1(5)}$$

$$\$3733.49$$

12. Daily

$$A = 3500 \left(1 + \frac{0.013}{365}\right)^{365 \cdot 5}$$

$$\$3735.05$$

13. Continuously

$$A = 3500e^{0.013(5)}$$

$$\$3735.06$$

14. Which is the best deal? By how much?

Continuously by \$1.57