

3.2 Solve Linear Systems Algebraically

EXAMPLE 1

Solve the system using the elimination method.

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 5y = -5 \\ -2(x + 3y = 3) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Handwritten work:

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 3(11) = 3 \\ x + 33 = 3 \\ \hline x = -30 \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 5y = -5 \\ -2x - 6y = -6 \\ \hline -y = -11 \\ y = 11 \end{array}$$

The solution $(-30, 11)$ is boxed in blue.

EXAMPLE 2 Use the elimination method

Solve the system using the elimination method.

$$\begin{array}{r} -2(3x - 7y = 10) \\ 6x - 8y = 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6x + 14y = -20 \\ \underline{6x - 8y = 8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6y = -12 \\ \hline y = -2 \end{array}$$

$$\left(-\frac{4}{3}, -2 \right)$$

$$6x - 8(-2) = 8$$

$$6x + 16 = 8$$

$$\frac{6x = -8}{6}$$

$$x = -\frac{4}{3}$$

Solve the system using the substitution or the elimination method.

$$\begin{array}{l} 4(3x - 6y = 9) \\ 3(-4x + 7y = -16) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x - 24y = 36 \\ -12x + 21y = -48 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3y = -12 \\ \hline y = 4 \end{array}$$

$$y = 4$$

$$(11, 4)$$

$$3x - 6(4) = 9$$

$$3x - 24 = 9$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{33}{3}$$

$$x = 11$$

EXAMPLE 4

Solve the linear system.

$$7(4x - 10y = 8)$$

$$2(-14x + 35y = -28)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 28x - 70y = 56 \\ -28x + 70y = -56 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$0 = 0$$

Infinite many

SOLVING LINEAR SYSTEMS Solve the system using any algebraic method.

$$45. \quad 0.05x - 0.03y = 0.21$$

$$0.07x + 0.02y = 0.16$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2(5x - 3y = 21) \\ & 3(7x + 2y = 16) \end{aligned}$$

$$5\left(\frac{90}{31}\right) - 3y = 21$$

$$\frac{450}{31} - 3y = 21$$

$$-3y = 21 - \frac{450}{31}$$

$$-3y = \frac{651}{31} - \frac{450}{31}$$

$$-\frac{3}{3}y = \frac{201}{31}$$

$$y = \frac{201}{31} \cdot \frac{-1}{3} = \frac{-67}{31}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10x - 6y = 42 \\ 21x + 6y = 48 \\ \hline 31x = 90 \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{90}{31}$$

$$y = -\frac{67}{31}$$

$$\left(\frac{90}{31}, -\frac{67}{31}\right)$$