

## 5.3 Add, Subtract, and Multiply Polynomials

**EXAMPLE 1** Add polynomials vertically and horizontally

- a. Add  $2x^3 - 5x^2 + 3x - 9$  and  $x^3 + 6x^2 + 11$  in a vertical format.

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^3 - 5x^2 + 3x - 9 \\ + \quad x^3 + 6x^2 \quad \quad + 11 \\ \hline 3x^3 + x^2 + 3x + 2 \end{array}$$

**EXAMPLE 1** Add polynomials vertically and horizontally

- b. Add  $3y^3 - 2y^2 - 7y$  and  $-4y^2 + 2y - 5$  in a horizontal format.

$$\begin{array}{l} \underbrace{(3y^3)}_{\text{green}} - \underbrace{2y^2}_{\text{blue}} - \underbrace{7y}_{\text{black}} + \underbrace{(-4y^2)}_{\text{blue}} + \underbrace{2y}_{\text{black}} - \underbrace{5}_{\text{red}} \\ \hline \boxed{3y^3 - 6y^2 - 5y - 5} \end{array}$$

**EXAMPLE 2** Subtract polynomials vertically and horizontally

- a. Subtract  $3x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 7$  from  $8x^3 - x^2 - 5x + 1$  in a vertical format.

$$\begin{array}{r} 8x^3 - x^2 - 5x + 1 \\ -3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 7 \\ \hline 5x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x - 6 \end{array}$$

**EXAMPLE 2** Subtract polynomials vertically and horizontally

b. Subtract  $5z^2 - z + 3$  from  $4z^2 + 9z - 12$  in a horizontal format.

$$\begin{array}{r} (4z^2 + 9z - 12) - (5z^2 - z + 3) \\ \hline 4z^2 + 9z - 12 - 5z^2 + z - 3 \\ \hline -z^2 + 10z - 15 \end{array}$$

**EXAMPLE 3** Multiply polynomials vertically and horizontally

- a. Multiply  $-2y^2 + 3y - 6$  and  $y - 2$  in a vertical format.

$$\begin{array}{r} -2y^2 + 3y - 6 \\ y - 2 \\ \hline 4y^2 - 6y + 12 \\ -2y^3 + 3y^2 - 6y \\ \hline -2y^3 + 7y^2 - 12y + 12 \end{array}$$

**EXAMPLE 3** Multiply polynomials vertically and horizontally

b. Multiply  $x + 3$  and  $3x^2 - 2x + 4$  in a horizontal format.

$$(x+3)(3x^2-2x+4)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 9x^2 - 6x + 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

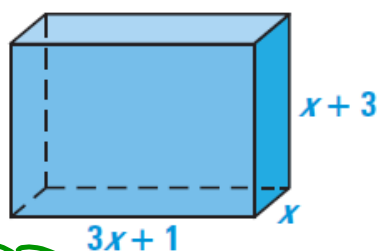
$$\boxed{3x^3 + 7x^2 - 2x + 12}$$

**EXAMPLE 4** Multiply three binomialsMultiply  $x - 5$ ,  $x + 1$ , and  $x + 3$  in a horizontal format.

$$\begin{aligned} & (x-5)(x+1)(x+3) \\ & (x^2+x-5x-5)(x+3) \\ & (x^2-4x-5)(x+3) \\ & x^3+3x^2-4x^2-12x-5x-15 \\ & \boxed{x^3-x^2-17x-15} \end{aligned}$$

 **GEOMETRY** Write the figure's volume as a polynomial in standard form.

48.  $V = lwh$



$$V = (3x+1)(x)(x+3)$$

$$= (3x+1)(x^2+3x)$$

$$= 3x^3 + 9x^2 + x^2 + 3x$$

$$V = 3x^3 + 10x^2 + 3x$$